

DATE:

_.

OBJECTIVE:

Vertical Asymptotes:

How many can you have?

How do you find V. A.?

Vertical asymptotes are the _____

EX.

 $\frac{5x+1}{2x^2-x-3}$

Horizontal Asymptotes:

Oblique Asymptotes:

How many can you have?

How do you find H. A. or O.A.?

1.

2.

3.

EX.

|--|

x-intercept(s):

How many can you have?

How do you find the *x*-intercept(s)?

EX.

 $\frac{3x+1}{2x^2-1}$

y-intercept(s):

How many can you have?

How do you find the *y*-intercept(s)?

EX.

 $\frac{x^2+3x+2}{4x^2-1}$

Hole(s):

How many can you have?

How do you find the hole(s)?

EX.

 $\frac{5x^2-5}{x^2+4x+3}$

Sign Arrays:

How do you make a sign array?

EX. Find the asymptotes, intercepts, and make a sign array for the following function.

a) $f(x) = \frac{3x+4}{x^2-x-12}$															
	<+	+	+ +	-	+ -	- +	-	+ -	-+	+	 +	1	+	 -	 \rightarrow

b)
$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{x - 6}$$

c)
$$f(x) = \frac{2x-6}{2x^2-5x-3}$$

EX. Identify key features of a rational function.



Domain: Range: *x*-intercept(s): *y*-intercept: Increasing: Decreasing: Constant:

Vertical Asymptote(s):

Negative: Maximums / minimums: Symmetry: End Behavior/Limits: $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^+} f(x) =$ $\lim_{x \to 0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 0^+} f(x) =$

Positive:

 $\lim_{x \to 4^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \to 4^+} f(x) =$

Horizontal Asymptote:

b)



Domain:
Range:
<i>x</i> -intercept(s):
y-intercept:
Increasing:
Decreasing:
Constant:

Positive:	
Negative:	
Maximums / mi	nimums:
Symmetry:	
End Behavior/L	imits:
$\lim_{x\to\infty}f(x) =$	$\lim_{x\to 0^-} f(x) =$
$\lim_{x \to -5^-} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x \to -5^+} f(x) =$
$\lim_{x\to 1^-} f(x) =$	$\lim_{x\to 1^+} f(x) =$

Vertical Asymptote(s):

Horizontal Asymptote: