### 9.5 Vectors

2023-2024

Name $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Period $\qquad$

1. A $\qquad$ quantity involves both magnitude and direction.
2. Two vectors with the same magnitude and direction are $\qquad$ vectors.
3. The angle formed by the positive $x$-axis and a position vector is the $\qquad$ angle.
4. If the angle between two vectors is $90^{\circ}$, then the vectors are $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ .

For each problem graph the given vectors $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$, then graph $\mathbf{A}+\mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B}$ on the same graph.
5. $A=\langle 1,3\rangle B=\langle 4,1\rangle$

6. $A=\langle-2,3\rangle \quad B=\langle 4,1\rangle$


Find the magnitude of the horizontal and vertical components for each vector $v$ with the given magnitude and given direction angle $\Theta$. Round to the nearest tenth.
7. $|v|=4.5, \theta=65.2^{\circ}$
8. $|v|=8000, \theta=155.1^{\circ}$

Find the exact magnitude and direction angle to the nearest tenth of a degree of each vector.
9. $\langle\sqrt{3}, 1\rangle$
10. $\langle 8,-8 \sqrt{3}\rangle$
11. $\langle 5,0\rangle$
12. $\langle-3,2\rangle$

Find the component form for each vector $v$ with the given magnitude and direction angle $\Theta$. Give exact values using radicals when possible. Otherwise round to the nearest tenth.
13. $|v|=8, \theta=45^{\circ}$
14. $|v|=12, \theta=120^{\circ}$
15. $|v|=18, \theta=347^{\circ}$
16. $|v|=3000, \theta=209.1^{\circ}$

Let $r=\langle 3,-2\rangle, s=\langle-1,5\rangle$, and $t=\langle 4,-6\rangle$. Perform the operations indicated. Write the vector answers in the form $\langle a, b\rangle$.
17. $2 r+3 t$
18. $r-(s+t)$
19. $s \cdot t$
20. $r \cdot s$

Find the smallest positive angle to the nearest tenth of a degree between each given pair of vectors.
21. $\langle 2,1\rangle,\langle 3,5\rangle$
22. $\langle-1,5\rangle,\langle 2,7\rangle$

Determine whether each pair of vectors is parallel, perpendicular, or neither.
23. $\langle-3,2\rangle,\langle 6,9\rangle$
24. $\langle 1,7\rangle,\langle-2,-14\rangle$
25. $\langle 5,3\rangle,\langle 2,5\rangle$

Write each vector as a linear combination of the unit vectors $i$ and $j$.
26. $\langle 2,1\rangle$
27. $\langle-7,-1\rangle$

Given that $\mathrm{A}=\langle 3,1\rangle$ and $\mathrm{B}=\langle-2,3\rangle$, find the magnitude and direction angle for each of the following vectors. Give exact answers using radicals when possible. Otherwise round to the nearest tenth.
28. -3 A
29. $\mathbf{B}-\mathbf{A}$
30. An airplane with an airspeed of 520 mph is climbing at an angle of $30^{\circ}$ from the horizontal. What are the magnitudes of the horizontal and vertical components of the speed vector? Round to the nearest tenth.

## Review

Divide using long division.
31. $\frac{3 x^{2}+11 x-70}{x+7}$

Divide using synthetic division.
32. $\left(x^{3}-8 x^{2}+10 x-21\right) \div(x-7)$
33. Find all of the real zeros of the function, finding exact values whenever possible. If it does not factor, use the rational zeros theorem (Hint: $\frac{p}{q}$ ). Identify each zero as rational or irrational.

$$
f(x)=x^{3}+x^{2}-8 x-6
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