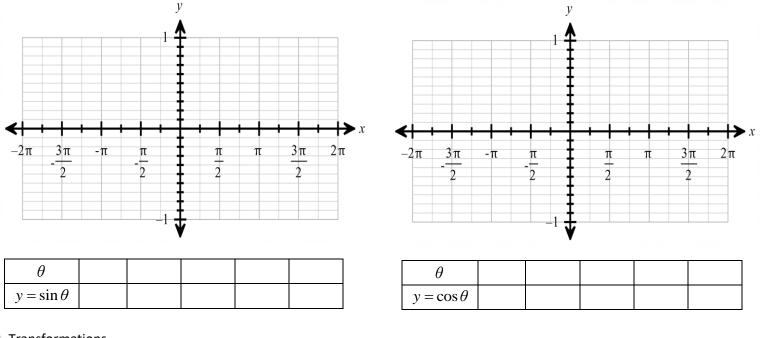


Date:

## **Objective:**

A. Graph Sine and Cosine

Parent sine graph  $f(\theta) = \sin \theta$ Draw the graph and make a table. Parent cosine graph  $f(\theta) = \cos \theta$ Draw the graph and make a table.



## B. Transformations

1. From the 4 transformations in 9.1, today we are discussing \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

2. What is the general equation for a trigonometric function?

Phase shift and Period:

Phase Shift =

## Period=

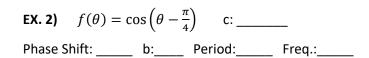
3. Which variable in the equation is related to a *horizontal shift*?\_\_\_\_\_\_

- In the parent graph this is: \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Which variable in the equation is related to a *horizontal stretch*?
  - In the parent graph this is: \_\_\_\_\_
  - This is used to find the period. The formula for *period* is: \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - The *period* in the parent graph is \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. *Frequency* is defined as the number of oscillations or rotations per unit of time.
  - Frequency is the reciprocal of the period. The formula for frequency is \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - The *frequency* in the parent graph is \_\_\_\_\_

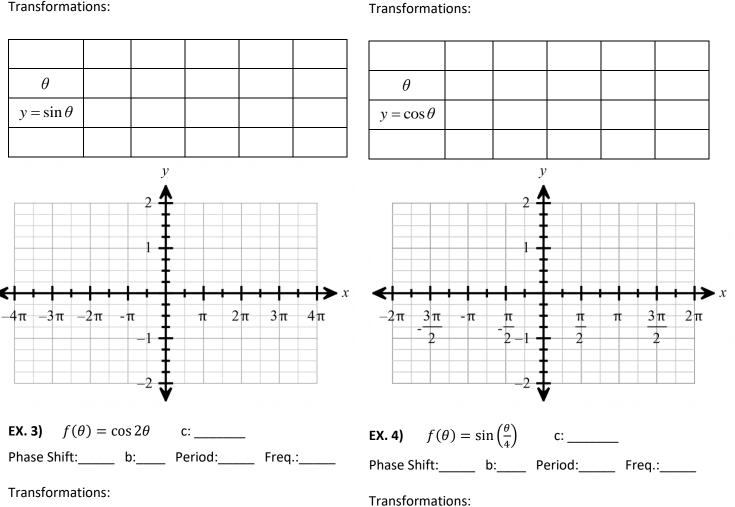
**D**. Making the Graph. (Phase Shift and Period)

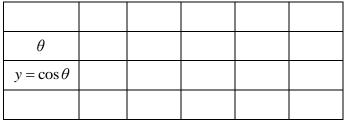
**EX. 1)**  $f(\theta) = \sin(\theta + \pi)$  c: \_\_\_\_\_

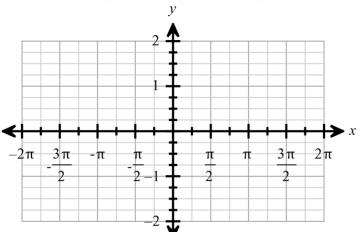
Phase Shift: \_\_\_\_\_ b: \_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Freq.:\_\_\_\_\_

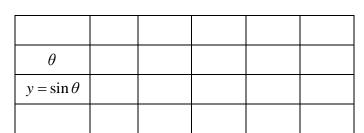


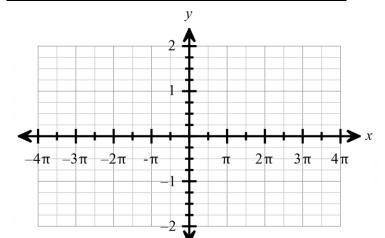
Transformations:









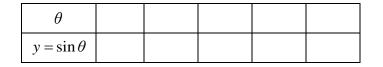


**EX. 5)**  $f(\theta) = -\sin(2(\theta - \pi))$  c: \_\_\_\_\_ Phase Shift: \_\_\_\_\_ b: \_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Freq.: \_\_\_\_\_

**EX. 6)**  $f(\theta) = \cos 3\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$  c: \_\_\_\_\_ Phase Shift: \_\_\_\_\_ b: \_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Freq.: \_\_\_\_\_

Transformations:

Transformations:



θ			
$y = \cos \theta$			

